



Kristina Wolf

# Assessing flood impacts using a multi-scale geospatial database model



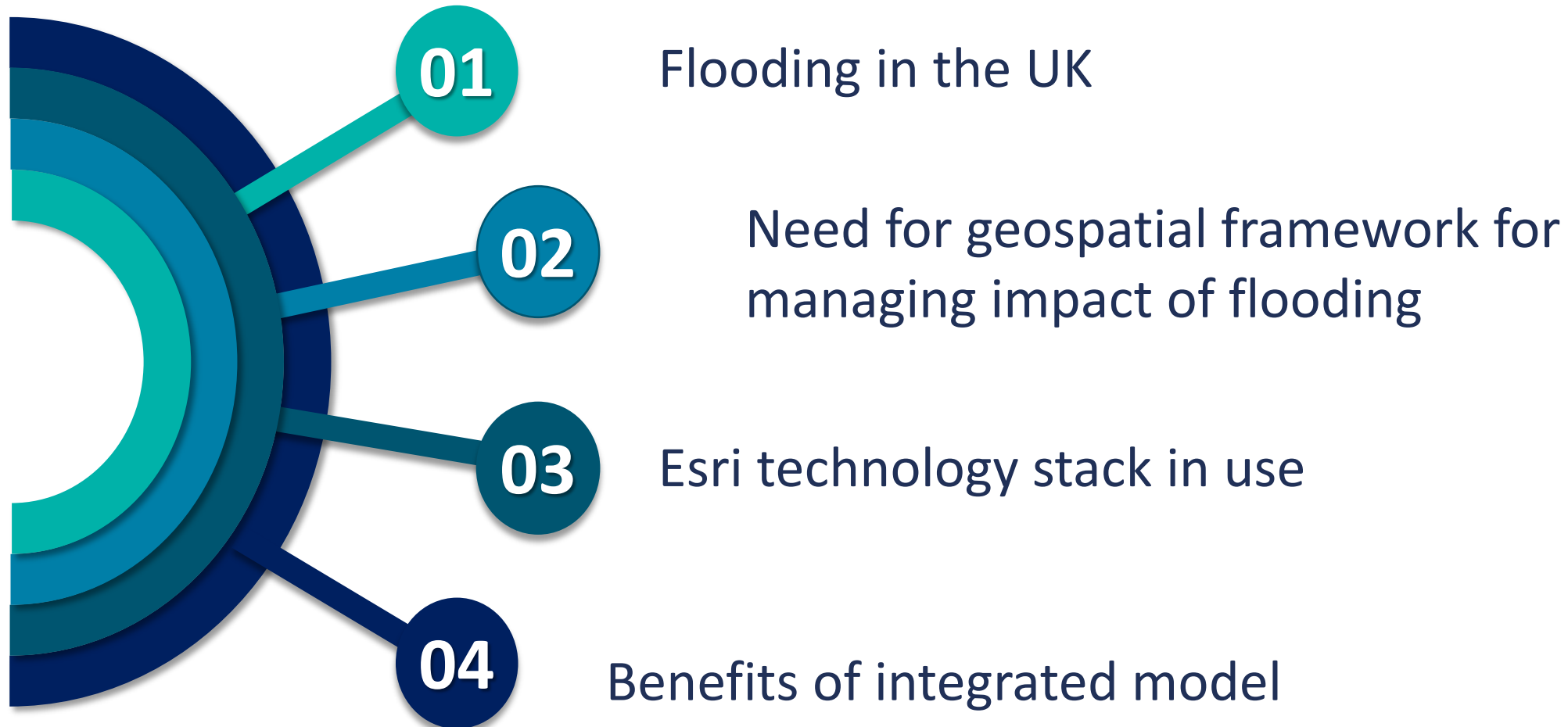


Professor of Earth Systems Engineering



PhD student, EPSRC Centre for Doctoral  
Training in Geospatial Systems





Flash flooding, river flooding, coastal flooding, **surface water flooding...**



**2.4 million buildings are  
at risk of flooding from  
rivers or the sea**



**2.8 million buildings are  
at risk of flooding by  
surface water**

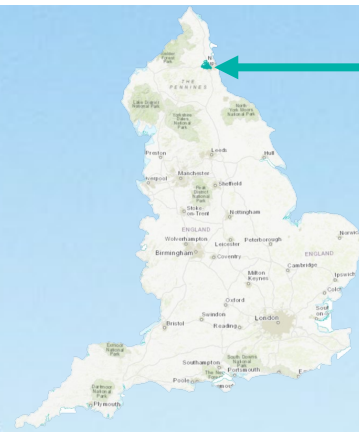
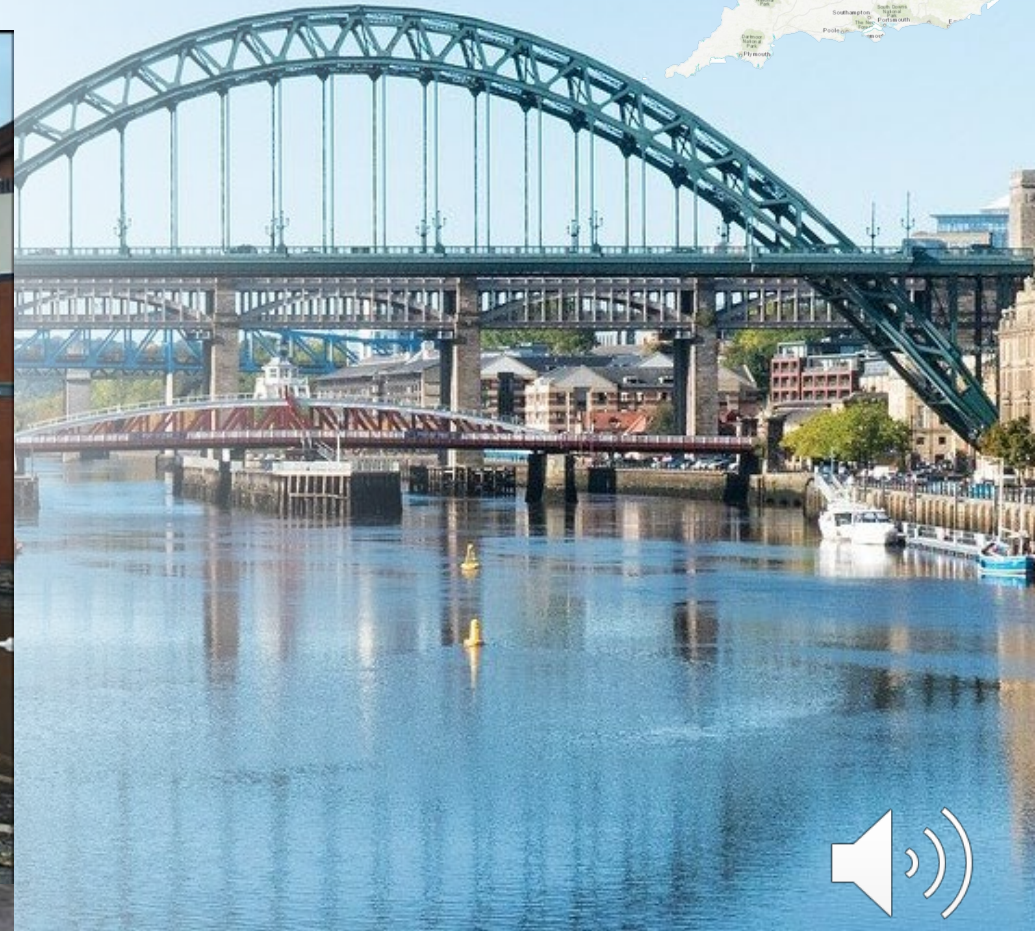
**2.6 billion  
£**

**Costs for flood  
damage in the UK  
since 2011**



# Newcastle upon Tyne (UK)

## Flooding: Toon Monsoon (June 2012)





# Complexity of urban environment

Buildings

Infrastructure

Roads





Providing data, responsible for tasks during different stages of flooding,  
dealing with flood impacts



# Hazard maps to indicate areas at risk

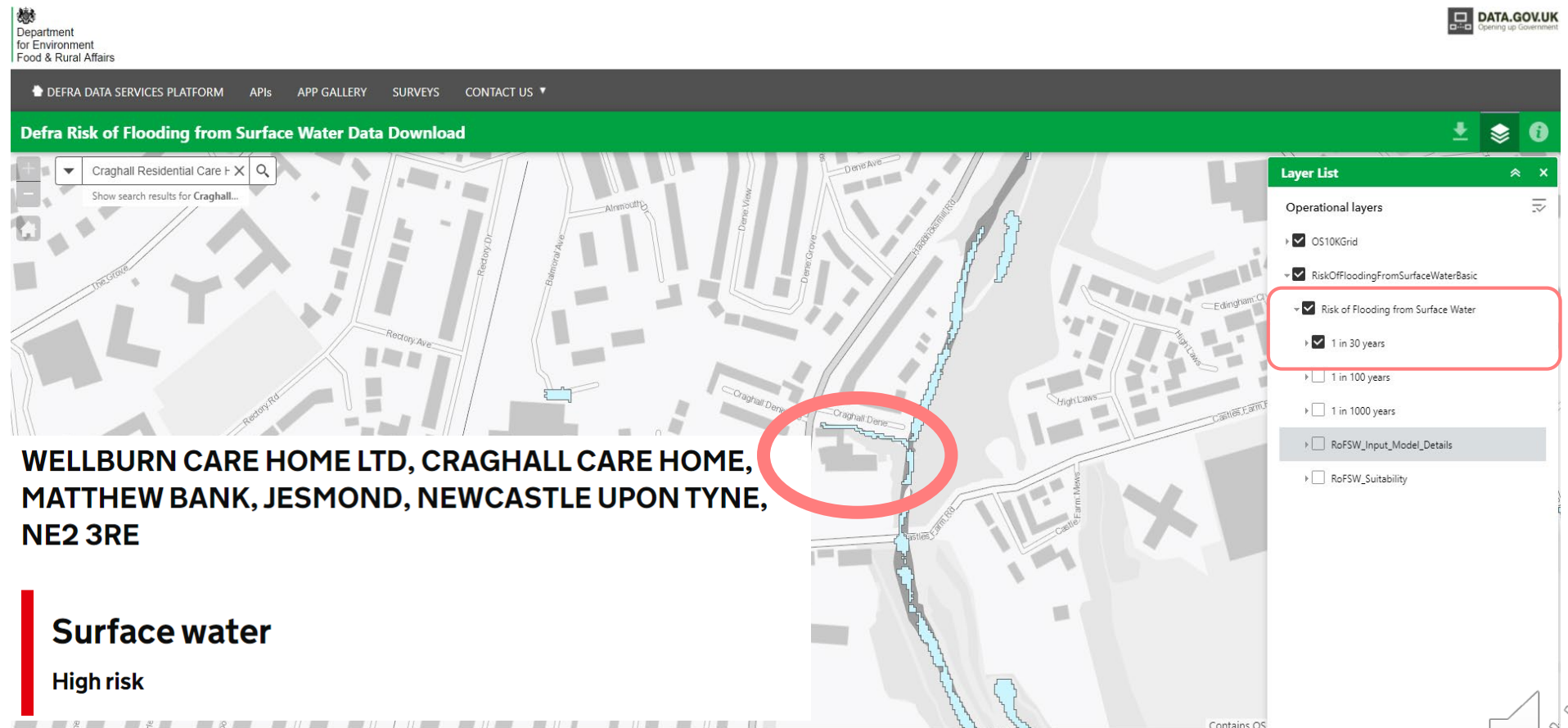


## Example: Risk of surface water flooding

Flood extent

Flood  
velocity


Flood depth







## Example: Flood warnings for England



Show warnings near a location





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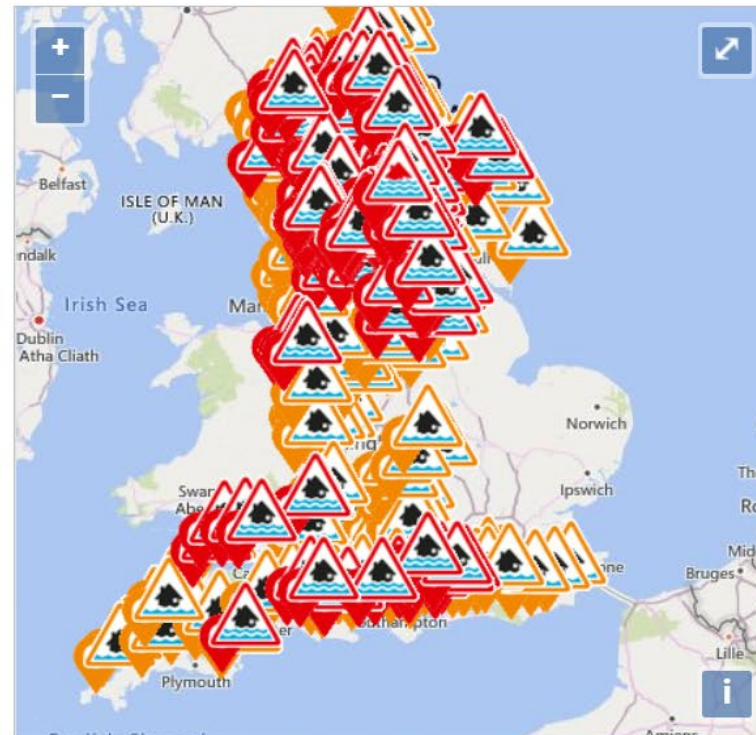
 **1**   
**Severe flood warnings**  
Severe flooding - danger to life

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 **251**   
**Flood warnings**  
Flooding is expected - immediate action required

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 **186**   
**Flood alerts**  
Flooding is possible - be prepared



Enable to answer the following questions:



Is my house within the flood zone?



Are flood alerts issued for my area?



Enhance to answer the following questions:



How many vulnerable neighbours require special assistance?



Which roads are blocked due to flooding?



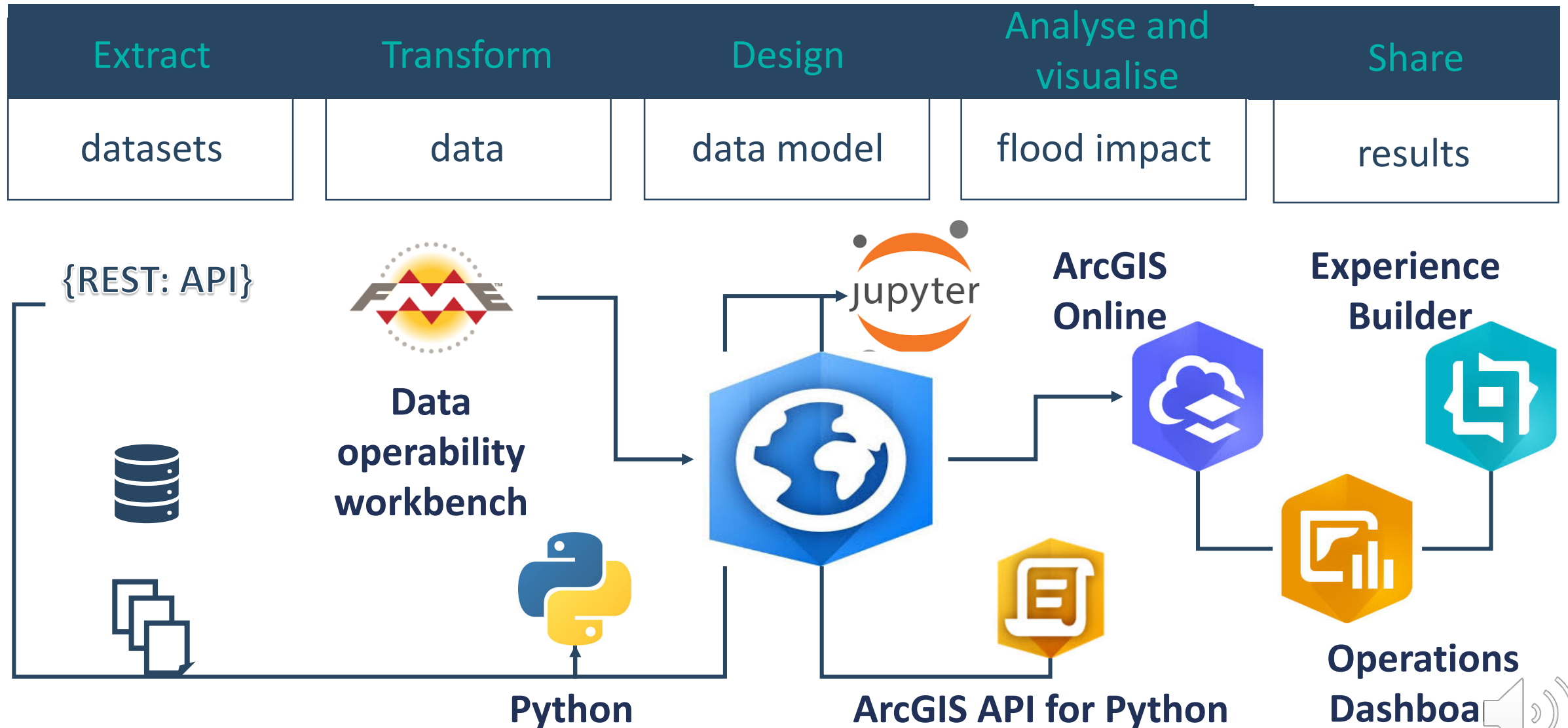




Develop a **flood geospatial database** model for  
heterogeneous data from different sources  
to assess the **impact of flooding** on the  
**environment, society** and **infrastructure**.

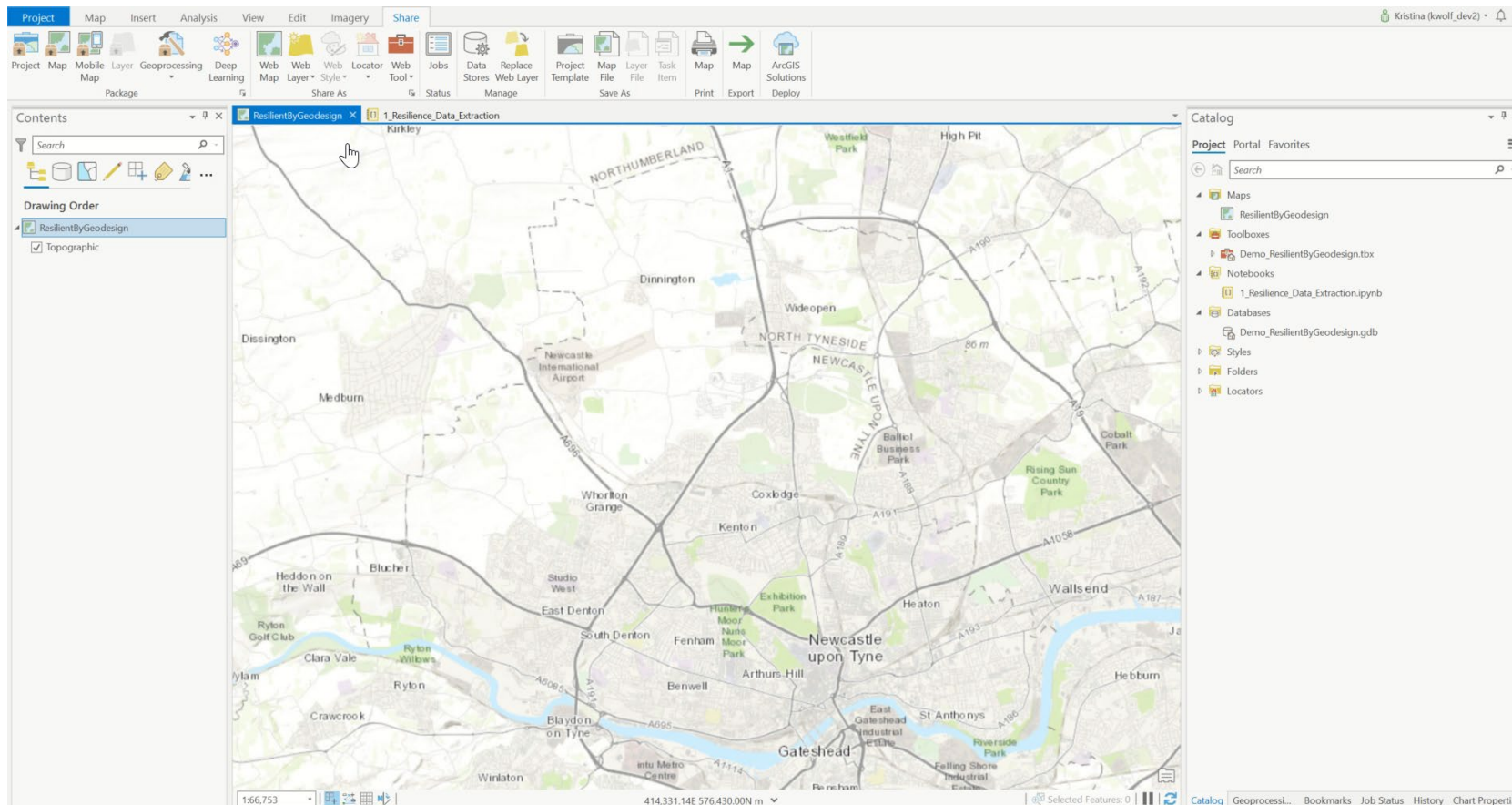
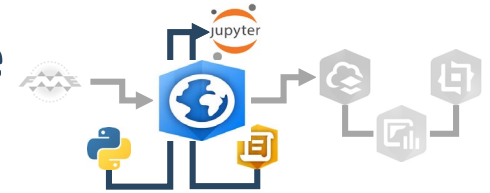


# Conceptual and technical workflow



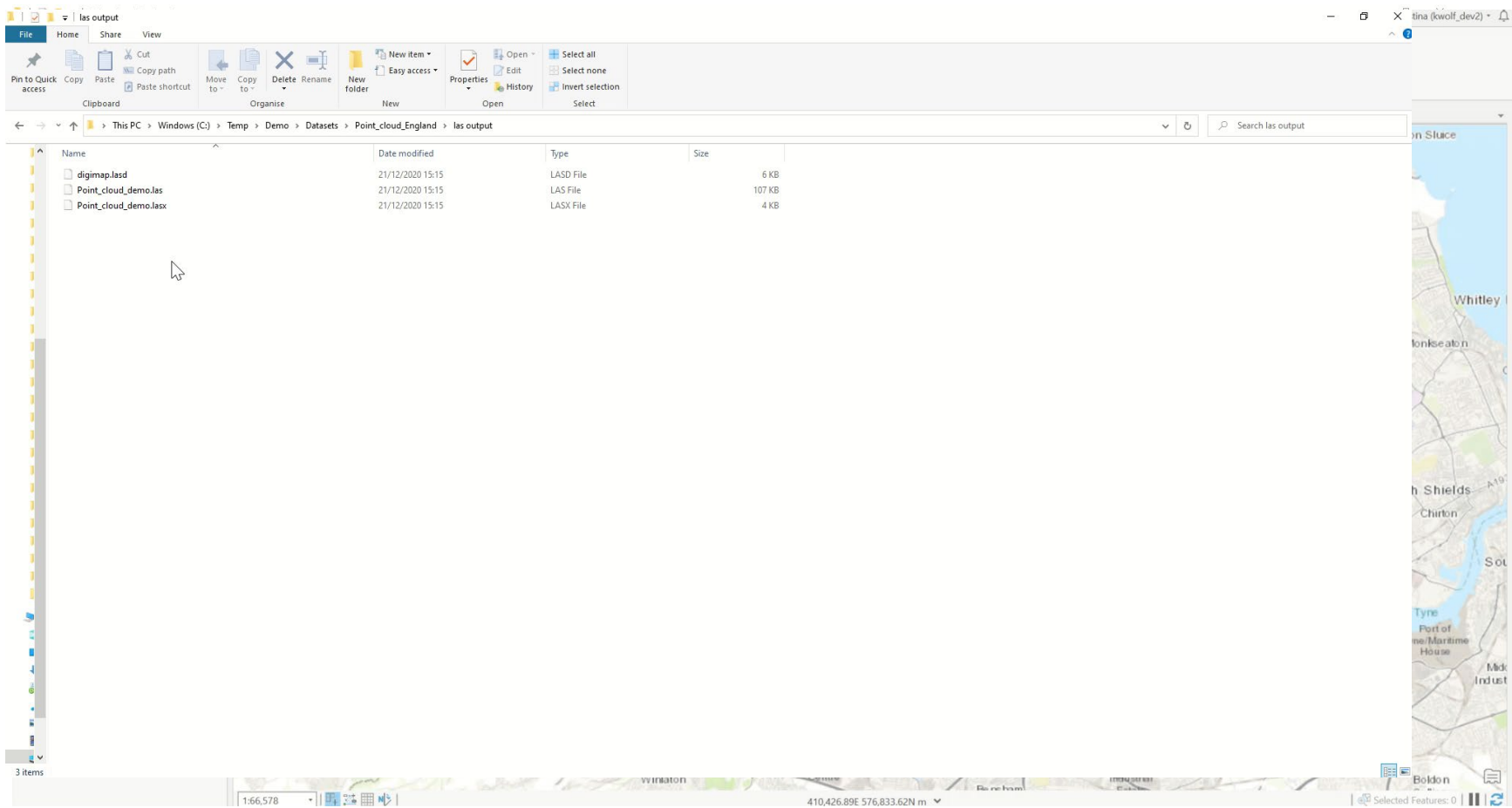
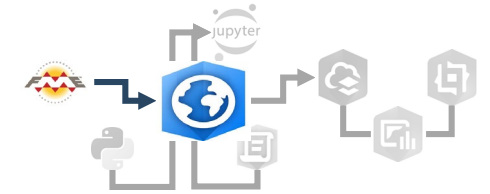


## Using Jupyter Notebook to extract data and enrich with administrative hierarchical information





## Using FME to convert between different data formats in an automated way



Integrating static and dynamic real-time data



Environment



Rainfall



Society



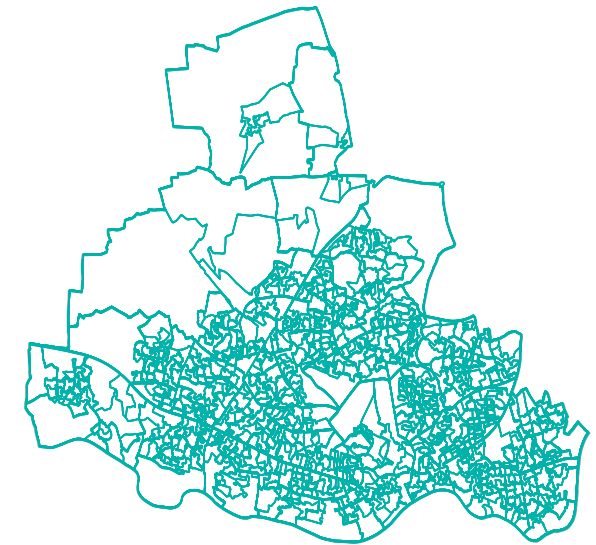
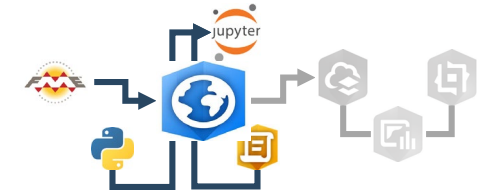
River level



Infrastructure



Incidents



Newcastle

MSOA

LSOA

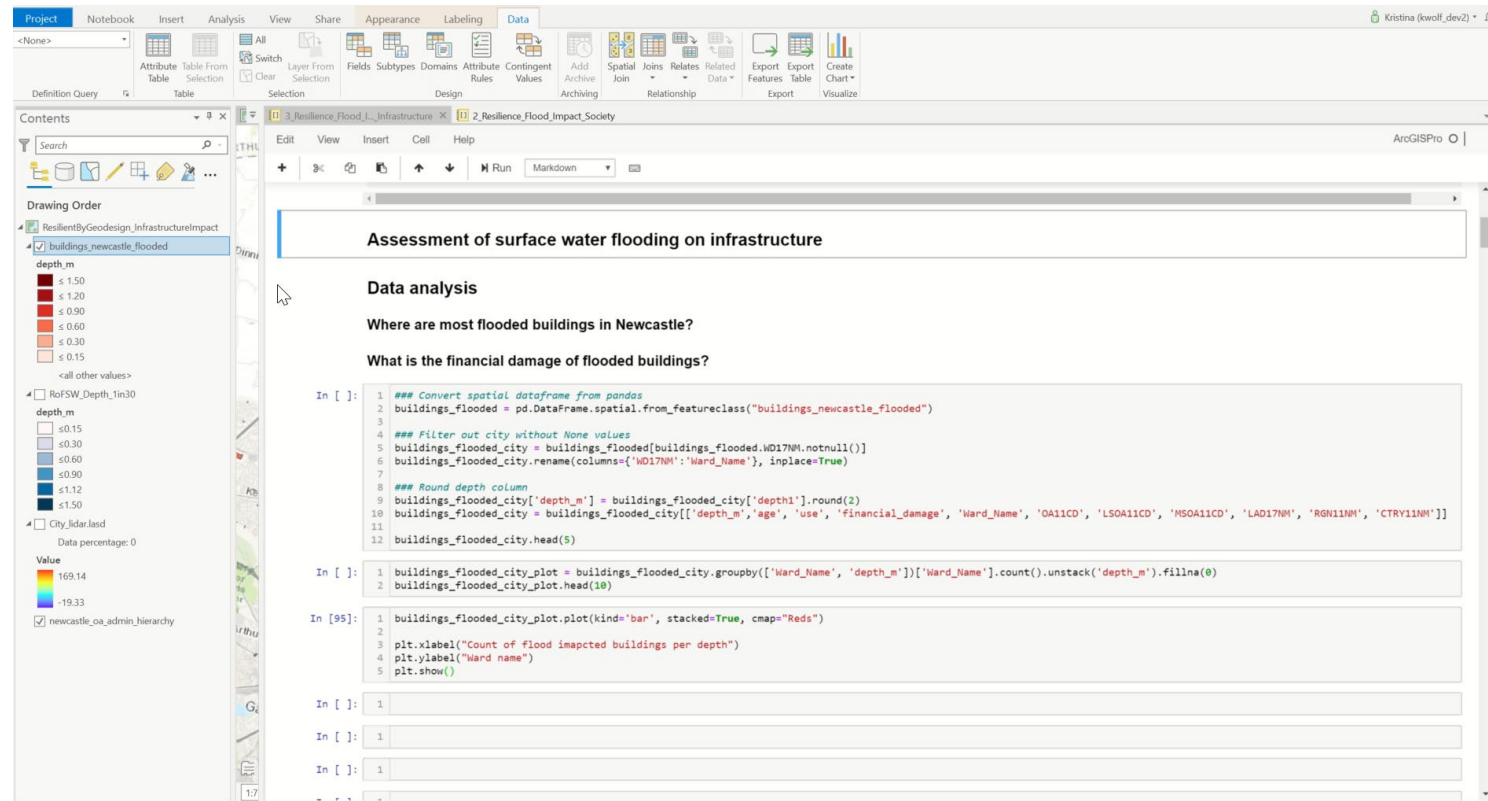
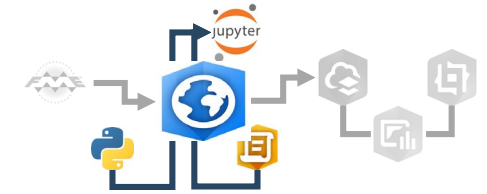
OA

... for improved flood impact assessment  
at different scales.



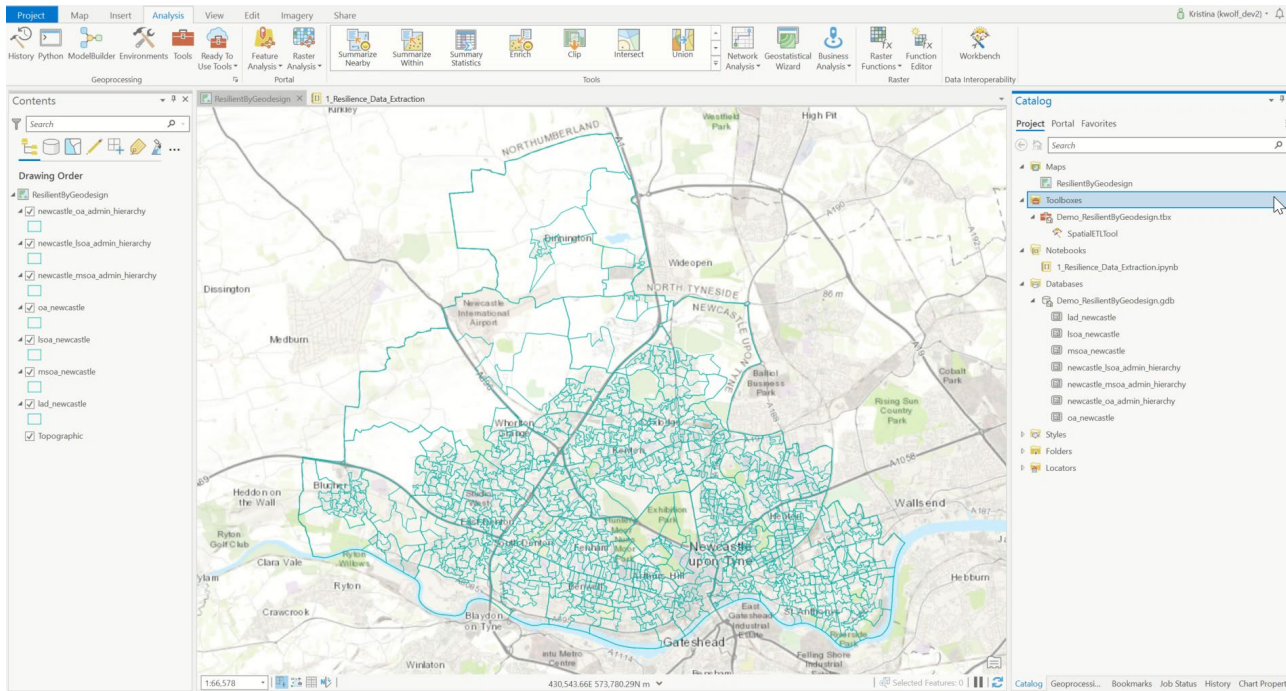
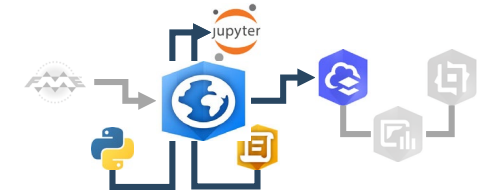


## Using spatial queries to analyse flood impact





## Update (online) data through scheduled script



River level



Daily accumulated rainfall



Temperature



CCTV images



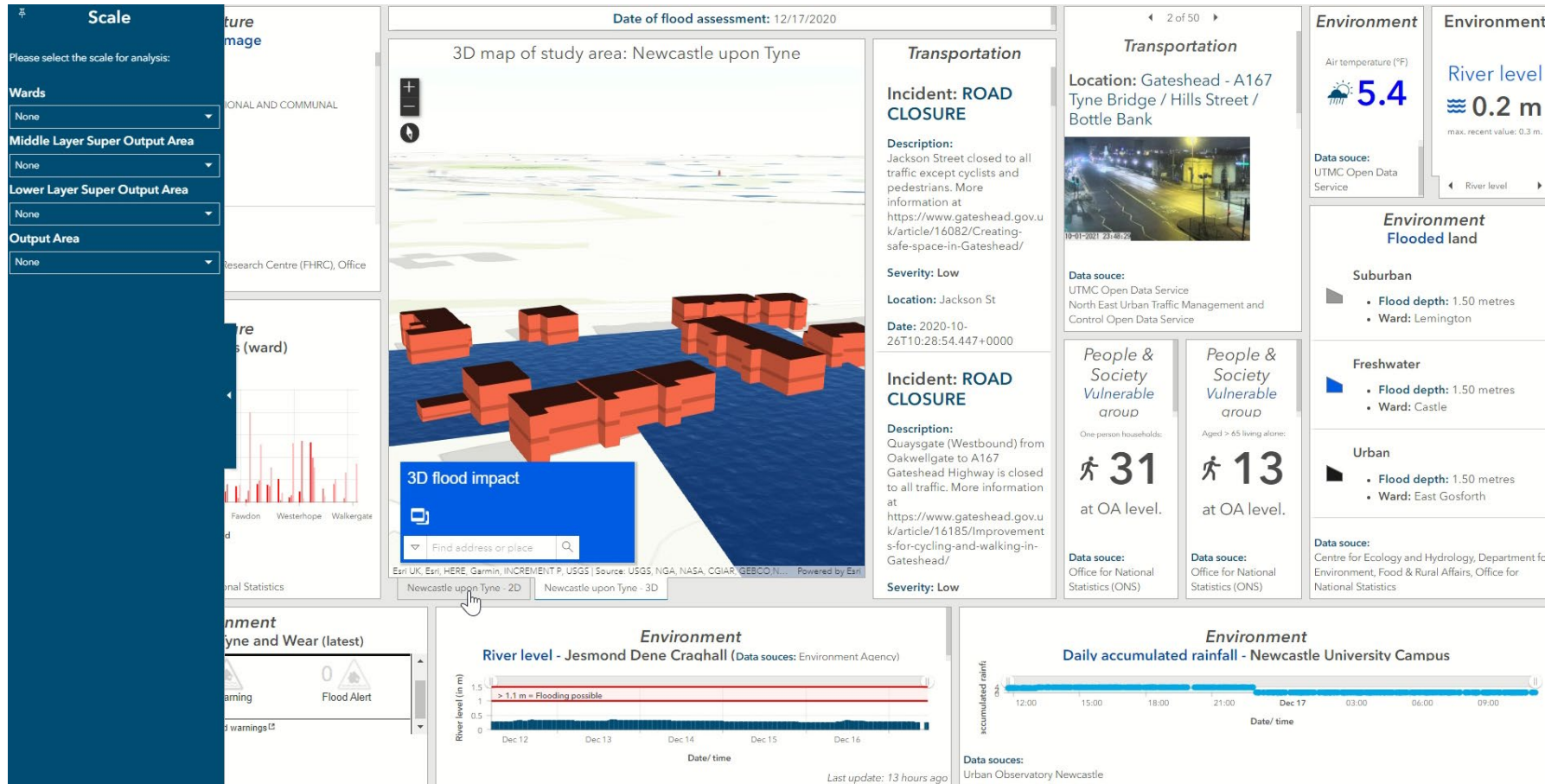
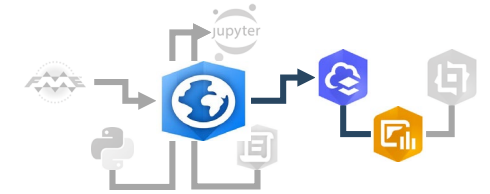
Incidents



Accidents

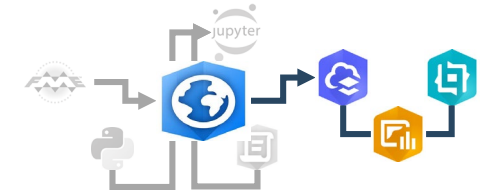


## Using Operations Dashboard to visualise assessment of flooding on environment, society and infrastructure





## Using Experience Builder to share project story




Assessing flood impacts in Newcastle upon Tyne (UK)

Background Research aim Analysis Contribution

Assessing flood impacts using a multi-scale geospatial database model for Newcastle upon Tyne (UK)


CDT Geospatial Systems | Kristina Wolf

Research themes:



Background: Study of flooding

Go to



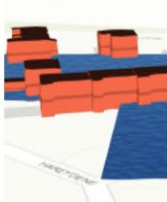
Methodology: Geospatial database model

Go to

- Environment
- Society
- Infrastructure
- Rainfall
- River level
- Incidents

Analysis: Flood impacts

Go to



Visualisation: Flood impacts

Go to



# The integrated flood database model enables



Integration of **heterogenous data** for improved flood risk assessment and **decision support** (multiple organisations)



Quick location **overview** of different city conditions through **shared analysis of common data**



**Standardised, automated data extraction and transformation** using Python, allowing research **reproducibility and scalability**

**Improving overall resilience.**





Thanks and acknowledgments







Kristina Wolf

**Thank you for your attention.**



CEH 2015 Land Cover Map 2015 [FileGeoDatabase geospatial data], Scale 1:2500, Tiles: GB, Updated: 26 May 2017, UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, Using: EDINA LIDAR Digimap Service. Url = <https://digimap.edina.ac.uk>, Downloaded: May 2020.

CEH 2018 Land Cover plus: Crops (2018) [FileGeoDatabase geospatial data], Scale 1:2500, Tiles: GB, Updated: 26 May 2017, UK Centre for Ecology and Hydrology, Using: EDINA LIDAR Digimap Service. Url = <https://digimap.edina.ac.uk>, Downloaded: May 2020.

Environment Agency 2009 Flooding in England: A National Assessment of Flood Risk, Url = [https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\\_data/file/292928/geho0609bqds-e-e.pdf](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/292928/geho0609bqds-e-e.pdf), Visited: June 2020.

Environment Agency 2020 Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Extent: 3.3 percent annual chance [Raster], Tiles: NZ16, NZ17, NZ26, NZ27, Environment Agency (UK). Using EDINA Digimap Ordnance Survey Service, Url = <https://environment.data.gov.uk/DefraDataDownload/?Mode=rofsw>, Downloaded: May 2020.

Environment Agency 2020 River and sea levels in England. Url = <https://environment.data.gov.uk/flood-monitoring/doc/reference>, Visited: May 2020.

Esri 2020 ArcGIS Pro: Release 2.5.0. Redlands, CA: Environmental Systems Research Institute.