

ArcGIS API for JavaScript: Modern Development Environments and Techniques

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Agenda

- Using CDN and NPM
- Advanced CDN Usage
- Building modern apps



Vanilla JS

or

Local builds

Local build bundle files

```
JS 9560.7f93c300a38a1bddb76b.js
JS 9569.2bbc1942c3847bae84be.js
JS 9571.f66e42e342eb153a3324.js
JS 9573.4153be83bb14fff1f481.js
JS 9575.38daf77e472a52f0f66b.js
JS 9609.34333a6f6f3214fa6e1a.js
JS 9664.0a9b2d538f4fd124e4c7.js
JS 9720.7387759300b5f1e9ba73.js
JS 9724.8b884e2ddc60ee9804b6.js
JS 9857.0c5b465cf47b6cbe9a47.js
JS 9899.9f0447adcb6d63bdf193.js
★ favicon.ico
▷ index.html
JS main.b53bb1c2d99a22312b8b.js
JS polyfills.33c52343b69ce625ed65.js
JS runtime.21d222b82264cca500e6.js
# styles.9da6b7b594cec4e65d58.css
```

AMD
and
ES modules (ESM)

<https://developers.arcgis.com/javascript>

- ▼ esri/views
 - GroundView
 - Magnifier
 - **MapView**
 - SceneView
 - View
 - ViewAnimation
- > 2d/layers
- > 3d

MapView

AMD: `require(["esri/views/MapView"], (MapView) => { /* code goes here */ });`

ESM: `import MapView from "@arcgis/core/views/MapView";`

Class: `esri/views/MapView`

Inheritance: `MapView > View > Accessor`

Since: ArcGIS API for JavaScript 4.0

AMD

(Not a W3C standard)

```
// test-amd.js
define(() => {
    return {
        height:300,
        width: 300
    }
});
```

```
// index.html
require(['test-amd'],(test) => {
    let h = test.height;
})
```

AMD modules

```
<script src="https://js.arcgis.com/4.20/"></script>
<script>
  require([ "esri/Map", "esri/views/MapView" ],
  (Map, MapView) => {
    // Code to create the map and view will go here
  });
</script>
```

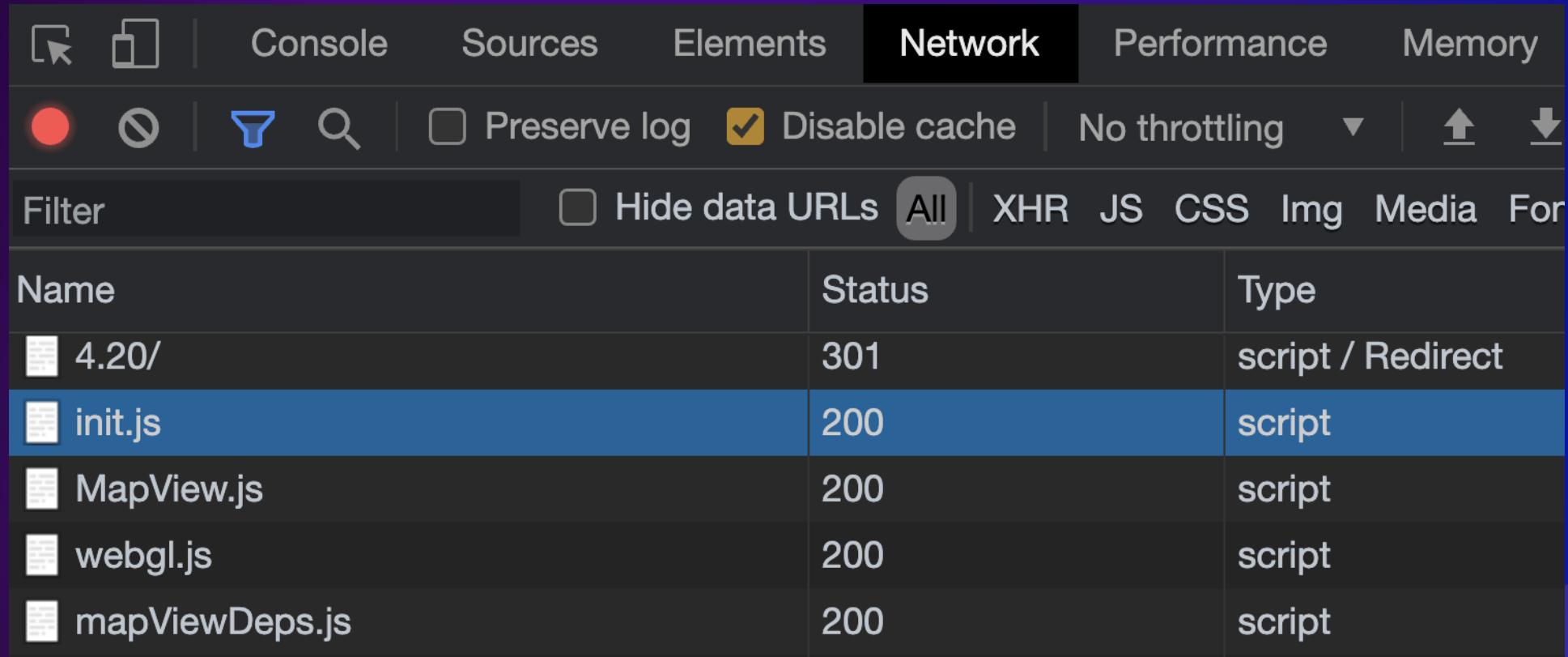
- Available since 4.0 (May 2016)

AMD CDN

Perfect for Vanilla JS apps

- Pros:
 - Easy to update
 - No installation, minimal configuration
 - Highly optimized
- Cons:
 - Requires a separate module loader
 - Use `esri-loader` for integration with frameworks and build tools

AMD Module Loader



The screenshot shows the Network tab in the Chrome DevTools developer tools. The tab bar includes Console, Sources, Elements, Network (selected), Performance, and Memory. Below the tabs are various controls: a red circle, a shield icon, a blue funnel icon, a magnifying glass icon, a checkbox for 'Preserve log', a checked checkbox for 'Disable cache', a dropdown for 'No throttling', and download/upload arrows. A 'Filter' input field is present, along with a checkbox for 'Hide data URLs' and a 'All' button. The main table lists network requests:

Name	Status	Type
4.20/	301	script / Redirect
init.js	200	script
MapView.js	200	script
webgl.js	200	script
mapViewDeps.js	200	script

AMD needs a module loader, otherwise...

✖ ▼ Uncaught ReferenceError: require is not defined

✖ ► Uncaught ReferenceError: define is not defined

AMD NPM

Use `arcgis-js-api` for API versions <= 4.18

- Pros:
 - Works with Dojo 1 and RequireJS
- Cons:
 - Still requires a module loader
 - Integration into frameworks isn't straightforward.
For example, webpack requires
`@arcgis/webpack-plugin*`

ESM

(ES6 or ECMAScript 2015+)

```
// test-esm.js
export const height = 300;
export const width = 300;
```

```
// index.js
import {height, width} from './test-esm.js';

let h = height;
```

ESM

Use `@arcgis/core` for API versions >= 4.19

```
import Map from '@arcgis/core/Map';

const map = new Map({
  basemap: "gray-vector"
});
```

ESM NPM

@arcgis/core

- Primary use case is local builds
- Pros:
 - Standardized module system
 - Works natively in modern browsers
 - Integrates well with most modern frameworks and build tools

ESM CDN

Testing and prototyping only

```
import Map from "https://js.arcgis.com/4.20/@arcgis/core/Map.js";

const map = new Map({
  basemap: "gray-vector"
});
```

- AMD is available as
 - CDN
 - NPM (Local install)
- ESM is available as:
 - CDN **
 - NPM (Local install)

Additional Resources

- github.com/Esri/jsapi-resources
- github.com/Esri/feedback-js-api-next

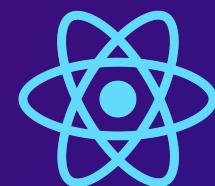
```
## install the 'next' ESM version of the API
npm i @arcgis/core@next
```

```
## install the 'next' AMD version of the API
npm i arcgis-js-api@next
```

Also, via AMD CDN:

```
<script src="https://js.arcgis.com/next/"></script>
```

Try esri-loader



Installing esri-loader



```
npm install --save esri-loader
```

Installing esri-loader



yarn add esri-loader

Using loadModules()

```
import { loadModules } from 'esri-loader';

loadModules([
  "esri/Map",
  "esri/views/MapView"
]).then(([Map, MapView]) => {
  // Code to create the map and view will go here
});
```

How it works

```
// calls require() once the ArcGIS script is loaded

require([
  "esri/Map",
  "esri/views/MapView"
], (Map, MapView) => {
  // Code to create the map and view will go here
});
```

Lazy loads the ArcGIS API

```
// injects a script tag the first time
const esriConfig = await loadModules(["esri/config"])
esriConfig.useIdentity = false;

// don't worry, this won't load the API again!
const [Map, MapView] = await loadModules(
  ["esri/Map", "esri/views/MapView"]
);
```

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```

Defaults to latest CDN version

esri-loader options

- Use an earlier release, even 3.x!
- Even use a later version?
- Use a local AMD build
- Lazy load CSS



Keeps ArcGIS API out of your build



Keeps ArcGIS API out of your build

- faster builds
- greater tool compatibility



What's the down side?



What's the down side?

- just AMD and vanilla JavaScript
- no import statements for ArcGIS modules
- requires pre-existing AMD build (CDN or local)

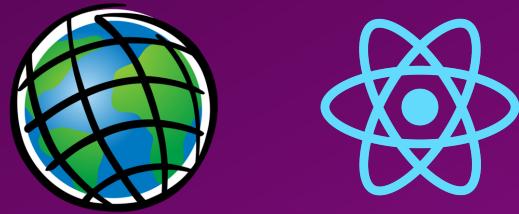


When to use esri-loader?

- Rapid prototyping, hackathons
- Your (hipster) tools have trouble with
`@arcgis/core`



Demo: esri-loader with react



- Scenario: superhero themed hackathon
- Tools: React, esri-loader

ESM

- Standard Module System for JavaScript
- Better support in modern build tooling



Getting Started

```
npm i @arcgis/core
```

Usage

```
import WebMap from '@arcgis/core/WebMap';
import MapView from '@arcgis/core/MapView';
```

npm and build tools

- Benefits
 - customized local build
 - total JS between 400KB to 2MB
 - depends on your application

ESM CDN

- *Testing purposes only*
- I'm serious, listen to me

```
<script type="module">
  import ArcGISMap from "https://js.arcgis.com/4.18/@arcgis/core"
  import MapView from "https://js.arcgis.com/4.18/@arcgis/core/"

  const map = new ArcGISMap({
    basemap: "topo-vector"
  });

  const view = new MapView({
    container: "viewDiv",
    map: map,
    zoom: 4,
    center: [-118, 34]
  });
</script>
```

ESM CDN

- Too many files requested for real-world use
- Convenience for prototyping
- *Please use a build tool*

ESM CDN

- Too many files requested for real-world use
- Convenience for prototyping
- *Please use a build tool*
w/ defaults

@arcgis/core



ArcGIS API is different

- powerful library with large footprint
- uses dynamic module loading & web workers



ArcGIS API is different

- powerful library with large footprint
- uses dynamic module loading & web workers
- can slow your build; or not work w/ defaults



Dev Environment

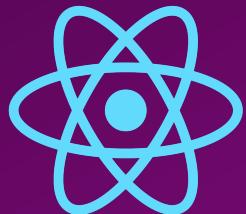
- Easiest way to get started... use VS Code
- Review samples on github.
- I like vitejs
 - minimal, to zero config
 - that's it, so easy you feel guilty



Is your bundler smarter than you?



Conclusion



Consuming the ArcGIS API is easier than ever!



esri

THE
SCIENCE
OF
WHERE

