





Extracting Signals from the Noise

Corporate security and risk management teams have access to an inordinate amount of data on potential threats and disruptions. From crime statistics and facility access logs to real-time storm data and security camera feeds, oftentimes the greatest challenge for analysts is effectively managing the various sources.

Although many point solutions offer the ability to understand a single component of security, they do not offer a comprehensive view of an organization's resilience. This is because until now, there has not been a common framework to unite these disconnected data sources.

Location serves as an intuitive language to manage and understand the relationship between disparate data sources. By displaying data through a geographic lens, analysts and decision-makers can quickly identify anomalies in their security posture to expedite response efforts and minimize disruption.





Maintaining Situational Awareness: Establishing a Common Framework

Promoting safety, security, and continuity within corporate workplaces has become increasingly complex. Faced with diverse threats that can disrupt business and harm employees, corporate security officers must effectively coordinate operations in chaotic conditions. In this hostile environment, maintaining control over the situation depends on the timely flow of accurate, relevant information.

During a crisis, knowledge, technology, and expertise are ultimately worthless if they are unable to influence decisions. Location intelligence is based on a common data hierarchy that promotes interdepartmental collaboration with secure permissions-based sharing. This empowers analysts with diverse skill sets to leverage their expertise and bring clarity to decision-makers.

Depending on the situation, stakeholders may not have the same level of expertise as the analysts, increasing the likelihood of misunderstandings. By incorporating a common framework for situational awareness, analysts quickly convert their findings into digital information products and instantly share critical insights with stakeholders.

Maintaining Situational Awareness: Ensuring Data Relevance

Establishing a common framework for data integration is only the first step in maintaining shared situational awareness. The next step is to implement procedures to ensure that data is relevant and timely. Under normal circumstances, data can depreciate within 24 hours. However, during a crisis, the situation can change at any moment. To enhance their resilience, organizations must ensure that they are making decisions based on the most accurate picture of the situation.

Live Data Feeds

Esri's platform for location intelligence effectively integrates live data feeds from disparate sources, enabling analysts to monitor developing threats. Key indicators, such as weather conditions, social media updates, police activity, terrorist attacks, and the location of executives or assets, can be configured and displayed automatically through digital maps, apps, and dashboards.

Automated Alerts and Dashboards

The sheer number of threats facing businesses today makes it impossible for analysts to actively monitor each possible scenario. By combining live data feeds with automated business rules-based geographic proximity information, analysts can focus on threats specifically targeting facilities or executives.

These data feeds and alerts are quickly processed and displayed using interactive dashboards and applications, giving operations centers a comprehensive operating picture that allows them to effectively monitor threats and rapidly respond.





Uncovering Hidden Vulnerabilities

To better understand potential sources of disruption, analysts must realize the probability, frequency, impact, and scale of an event. Each of these characteristics is influenced by both space and time. Every risk and peril is tied to location, and uncovering the spatial relationship between threats and targets leads to more effective coordination and response.

Most organizations do not fully understand the threats they face, because they don't know where they are vulnerable. By visualizing portfolios, properties, and even floor plans, analysts are better equipped to identify hidden risks.

From two-dimensional floor plans used to identify entry and exit points to three-dimensional models to determine the coverage of security cameras, location plays an important role in determining where an organization is most at risk.





