

Work with Parcels More Efficiently

Create simple tools with ArcObjects

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The author has created several useful parcel searching tools in Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) using ArcObjects. This article gives detailed descriptions of tools illustrated by the required code. Any ArcGIS Desktop user, with an ArcInfo, ArcEditor, or ArcView license, can use this code to easily create the same tools. The sample map document containing these tools and sample data to run them are available from the ArcUser Online site.

Story County, Iowa, has been using ArcInfo to create parcels since 1996. When ArcSDE was adopted in 2003, it became easier and more cost-effective for county agencies to share base data on parcels, roads, annotations, water bodies, and zoning data.

Parcel data is most frequently used. Requests for this data come from staff members working in the Assessor, Auditor, Planning and Zoning, Engineering, E911, Sheriff's, and other offices. Consequently, a user-friendly tool in ArcMap to search for a parcel by ID, acreage, value, owner, address, or other attribute will save time for many people.

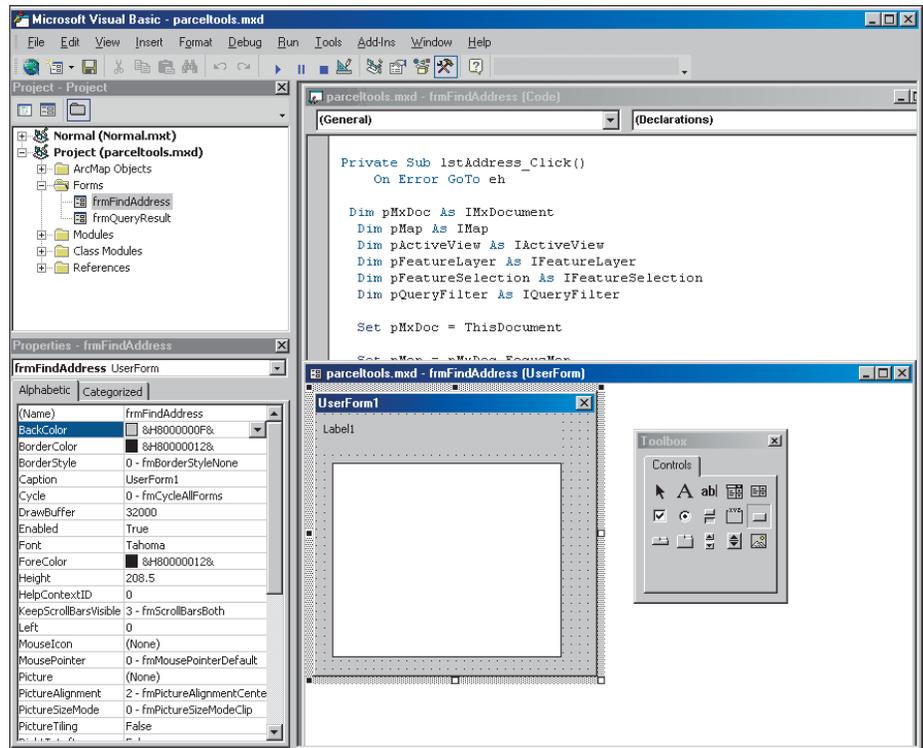
The Find by Parcel Address Tool

First, think through the whole process of finding a parcel by its address—step by step. What will need to happen? Of course, testing will be required to ensure the code executes properly but good planning saves time and requires writing less code.

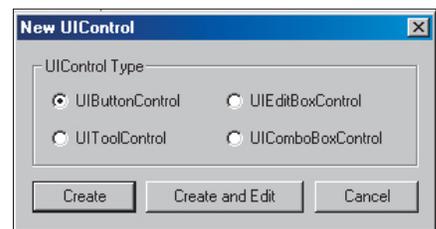
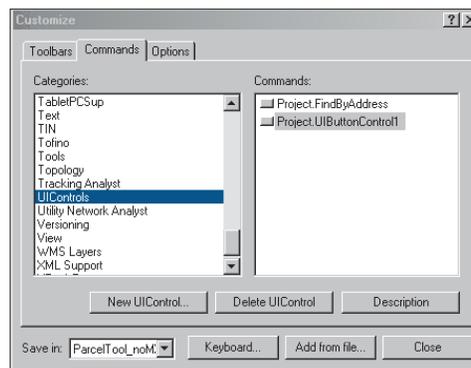
The goal is to find a parcel by address. A user may enter a partial address or a full address. A full address may have only one match and if that entry is found, the next step is to simply zoom directly to that parcel. However, a partial address may return multiple matches. All matches will need to be shown to the user so the user can select one. In this case, a list is needed to hold the returned matches.

A list box on a form will do the job, so the next step is to create a form. From the ArcMap standard menu, choose Tools > Macros > Visual Basic Editor. From the Visual Basic Editor menu, choose Insert > add Userform and name the form frmFindAddress.

If the toolbox is not displayed, choose View > Toolbox. Click the list box on the toolbox to add it to the form. Name it lstAddress. Adjust the size and look of the form and the size of the list



Add a form and create a list box.



From the ArcMap interface, choose Customize > Commands and add an UIButtonControl. Name it FindbyAddress and add it to a toolbar.

box to ensure it is wide enough to hold the data from the address and owner fields. Add a label above the list box that will display the search result that gives simple instructions about how to zoom to any of the entries in the list box.

On the form, create a button and attach the code that will find the parcel by its address. From the ArcMap interface, choose Customize > Commands and add a UIButtonControl. Name it FindByAddress and add it to a toolbar.

Right-click on the control and choose View Code to open FindByAddress_Click event in VBA editor. Listing 1 shows the first section of code that selects on the parcel layer to find a particular parcel.

To ensure the parcel layer is in the ArcMap Table of Contents, use a Boolean variable to report if the target layer, a parcel layer in this case, was found. A parcel feature class can be named anything by the user after it is added to

```

Private Sub FindByAddress_Click()
    On Error GoTo eh 'it's a good idea to always use error handler,
that way, you don't get complaints from users
    'who see the debug warning message.

    Dim pMxDoc As IMxDocument
    Dim pMap As IMap
    Dim pActiveView As IActiveView
    Dim pFeatureLayer As IFeatureLayer
    Dim pFeatureSelection As IFeatureSelection
    Dim pQueryFilter As IQueryFilter

    Set pMxDoc = ThisDocument

    Set pMap = pMxDoc.FocusMap
    Set pActiveView = pMap 'if the focus is Layout window, it works
just as well

    'use EnumLayer to find a parcel layer

```

Listing 1

```

Dim LayerFound As Boolean
LayerFound = False

    Dim pDataset As IDataset
    Dim pFeatureLayer1 As IFeatureLayer
    Dim X As Long
    Dim pMatchLayer As ILayer
    Dim LayerName1 As String
    Dim LayerName2 As String
    Dim LayerName3 As String
    Dim pDataset As IDataset
    Dim pFeatureLayer1 As IFeatureLayer

'The following are the names of parcel views inside SDE
    LayerName1 = "gis_data.gis.parcel_refgis"
    LayerName2 = "gis_data.GIS.parcels"
    LayerName3 = "gis_data.gis.parcel_view"

    For X = 0 To pMap.LayerCount - 1 'loop through all layers in TOC and
compare each layer's name with the Parcel 'Featureclass or Parcel
Views in SDE
        Set pMatchLayer = pMap.Layer(X)

        'check the source of parcels layer

        Set pFeatureLayer1 = pMatchLayer
        Set pDataset = pFeatureLayer1.FeatureClass

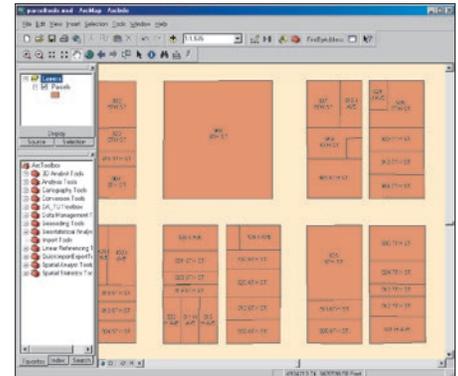
        If UCase(pDataset.Name) = UCase(LayerName1) Or _
            UCase(pDataset.Name) = UCase(LayerName2) Or _
            UCase(pDataset.Name) = UCase(LayerName3) Or _
            UCase(pMatchLayer.Name) = UCase("Parcels") Then
            LayerFound = True
            Exit For 'when the parcel layer is found, exit loop,
otherwise keeps on moving to the next layer
        End If
    Next

    'Add a parcel layer here from SDE, if not connected to SDE, give
option _
    'to add from any other source
    If LayerFound = False Then
        MsgBox "No Parcel Layer Found in TOC, Parcels from SDE will be
added to your ArcMap", vbInformation, "ADD Parcel Layer"
        ' Call AddDatafromSDE.AddSDELayer2ArcMap 'calls a subroutine to
add the parcels layer to TOC
        'set pMatchLayer as the newly added layer
        Set pMatchLayer = pMap.Layer(0)
    End If

```

Listing 2

First, think through the whole process of finding a parcel by its address—step by step. What will need to happen?



Using the sample map document with FindByAddress tool added to a button.

ArcMap so the name of the parcel layer can't be controlled. However, because it is added to the Table of Contents from ArcSDE or as a shapefile, the layer's source name can be checked to determine if it is a parcel layer.

At Story County, many views have been created based on the Parcels feature class in ArcSDE. Any of these views, in addition to the feature class called Parcels, can be added to ArcMap and renamed. To allow the find parcel tool to work on any parcel view from ArcSDE, get all the names of parcel views in ArcSDE and check to see if any of them was added to the Table of Contents. The source name of a layer in ArcMap is the name of the view or feature class in ArcSDE. To get that name, use IDataset interface. It has a name property that returns the layer's name in ArcSDE. The code in Listing 2 tests for a parcel layer.

The code in Listing 3 passes the parcel layer to the form, verifies that the query field (e.g., the ADDRESS field) exists, prompts the user for a search string, and searches for an address. Adding an asterisk (*) before and after the search string will find any address that contains part of the search string. For example, if the search string is 456, it will return not only "456 4th St" (a match) but also "1456 3rd St", "4561 Washington Ave", and "32 456th St". The more specific the search string, the fewer results will be returned and the quicker the parcel will be located. However, with just part of a street name, this search method will guarantee that the parcel will be found. The part of the address used will affect the number of returns. In this example, typing "900" will find

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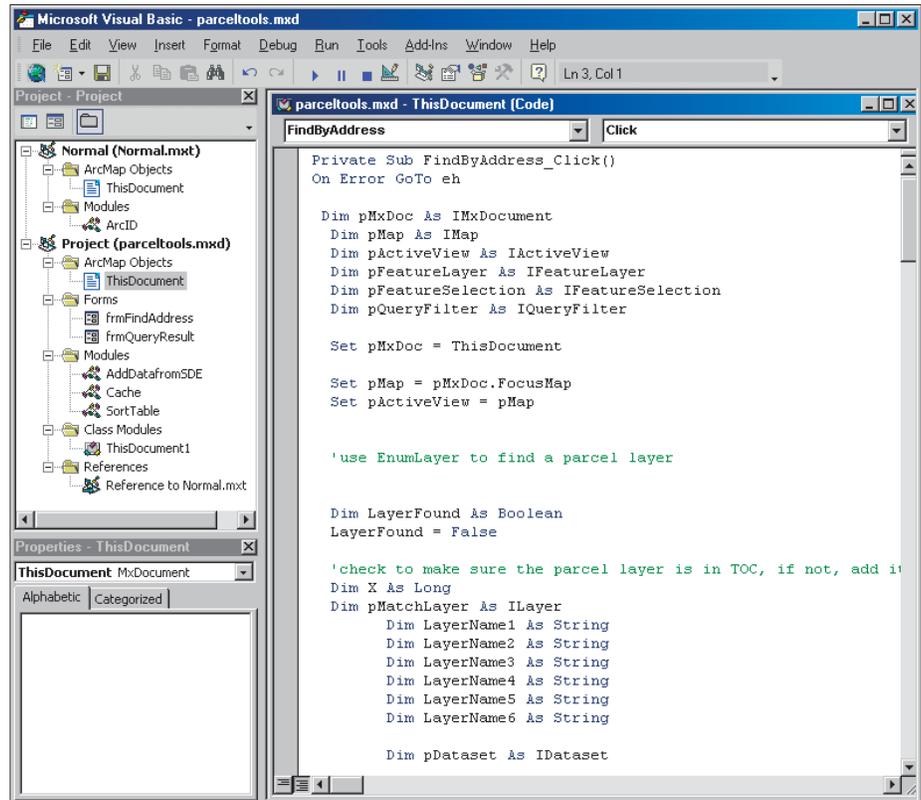
32 matches while typing in “6th St” will return 442 results. Typing “900 6th St” will generate only one result and will zoom the user to that parcel.

Listing 4 shows the code that performs the selection and zooms to one of the selected features. If more than one feature is found, it adds all the selected features to the list box. VBA has no sort function but one has been added to this tool. The SortTable function shown in Listing 5 was written by Brad Posthumus and Kirk Kuykendall and shared through the ArcGIS Desktop Discussion Conference on the ESRI Support site (support.esri.com). See *ArcUser Online* for links to these postings.

When more than one parcel is located, a click event in the list box will be needed to zoom to a specific record in the list box. The code shown in Listing 6 lets the user click an item in the lstAddress list box to go to a desired parcel. Clicking on a record in the list box will cause the corresponding parcel to be immediately displayed in ArcMap.

Creating Other Parcel Tools

After looking at the FindByAddress parcel tool, a FindbyParcel ID tool is a lot easier to create because it searches for a unique ID and returns only one match each time. A list box is not needed, and the tool highlights and zooms



Code in VBA for the FindByAddress tool.

```
Set pFeatureLayer = pMatchLayer
Set pFeatureSelection = pFeatureLayer 'QI, query interface to set the FeatureSelection object
Set pWorkFeatureLayer = pMatchLayer 'pass the parcel layer so the forms can use it, pWorkFeatureLayer
is a module level variable, otherwise, forms cannot see (use) it

'Check to see if the query field exists, if not, let user know
If pFeatureLayer.FeatureClass.FindField("ADDRESS") = -1 Then
MsgBox "The Address field is not found!"
Exit Sub
End If

'Create the query filter
Set pQueryFilter = New QueryFilter
Dim StrName As String

'give some instruction on how to insert search string, actually they may enter anything and get a
result
StrName = InputBox("Please Enter An Address or Part of it" & vbNewLine & _
    "If you enter 900 or Lincoln, then all addresses include 900 or Lincoln will be returned", _
    "FIND ADDRESS", "900 6th st")
If StrName = "" Then 'if nothing entered or user canceled it, give a warning
MsgBox "Nothing Entered, or you clicked Cancel", vbInformation, "Try Again"
Exit Sub
End If

pQueryFilter.WhereClause = "ADDRESS LIKE '" & "*" & StrName & "*'"
```

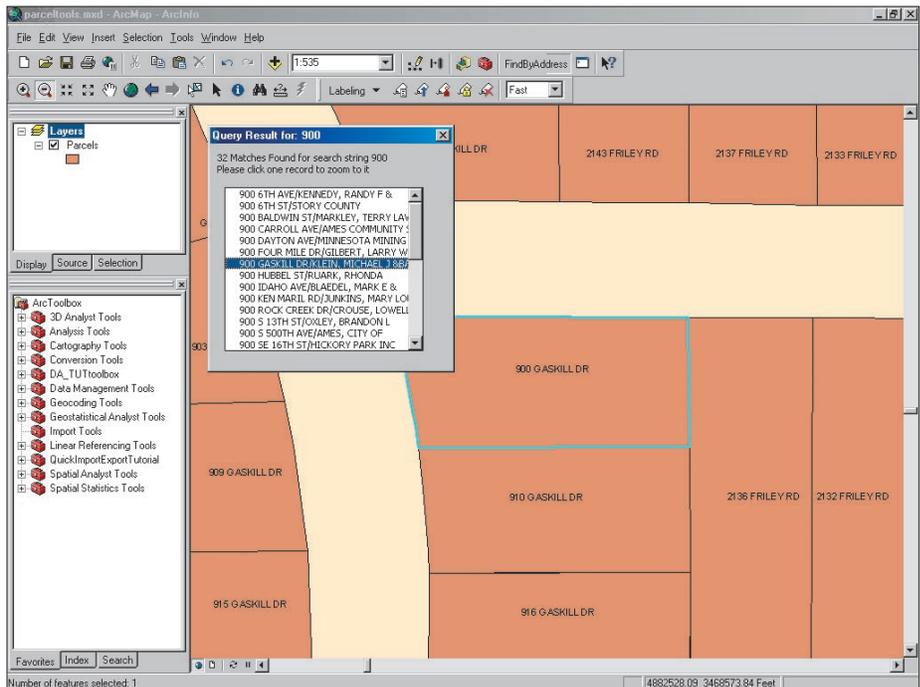
Listing 3



If more than one address is found, the list box holds all the addresses so the user can choose one to zoom to.

directly to the parcel it finds. Other tools, such as FindByOwner and FindByValue, can be created in a manner similar to the FindByAddress tool—just change the field name the search will be run against.

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When the user clicks on one of the returned addresses, that parcel is selected and the map display zooms to that parcel.

```

'Flag the original selection
    pActiveView.PartialRefresh esriViewGeoSelection, Nothing, Nothing
'Perform the selection
    pFeatureSelection.SelectFeatures pQueryFilter, esriSelectionResultNew, False

    If pFeatureSelection.SelectionSet.Count < 1 Then
        MsgBox "No Match Found", vbInformation, "Please try another address"
        Exit Sub
    End If

'zoom to the selected feature(s), we want to zoom to a single feature, not all features selected
    Dim pFeatureClass As IFeatureClass
    Set pFeatureClass = pFeatureLayer.FeatureClass

    Dim pFCursor As IFeatureCursor ' need a featurecursor to get to each individual feature
    Set pFCursor = pFeatureClass.Search(pQueryFilter, True)

    Dim pFeature As IFeature
    Set pFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature

'if there is only one match, then we can zoom to that feature directly
    If pFeatureSelection.SelectionSet.Count = 1 Then
        Dim pEnvelope As IEnvelope
        Set pEnvelope = pFeature.Extent 'set the pEnvelope to the extent of the selected feature
        pEnvelope.Expand 2.5, 2.5, True 'Expand the extent of the feature like to zoom out a little
bit
        pActiveView.Extent = pEnvelope
        pActiveView.Refresh
        Exit Sub
    End If

'If there is more than one record found, need to add all of the selected to _
'a list box, but sort them before adding to a list since VBA has no built in sorting method

```

Listing 4

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Conclusion

The FindByAddress parcel tool, together with other similar parcel tools such as FindByOwner and FindByParcelID, has been used by Story County department heads and staff. The county Assessor's Office found the FindByAddress tool particularly useful during the annual property value review session. For more information on these tools, contact

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Dr. Lang Deng, currently a GIS specialist/IM leader at Pioneer Hi-Bred International, was the GIS coordinator at Story County, Iowa.

Acknowledgments

Special thanks to the Assessor's Office, Story County, Iowa, for providing the data and permission to publish the code used in creating these tools. All the parcel information used in this article is publicly accessible at www.storyassessor.org/pmc/. Contact Tammy Gardner at 515-382-7320 or tammy.gardner@storycounty.com with any additional questions. Thanks also to Brad Posthumus and Kirk Kuykendall for the SortTable function.

```
frmFindAddress.Caption = "Query Result for " & StrName 'change the form caption and to
'show the result from the selection with a label

frmFindAddress.Label1.Caption = pFeatureSelection.SelectionSet.Count & _
" Matches Found for " & StrName & vbNewLine & "Please click one record to select and zoom to it"

Do Until pFeature Is Nothing 'loop through all features returned and add the needed information
to listbox
    frmFindAddress.lstAddress.AddItem pFeature.Value(pFeature.Fields.FindField("ADDRESS")) & _
        "/" & pFeature.Value(pFeature.Fields.FindField("Deed_holde"))

'Add owner (Deed_holde) to the list to help users easily figure out which parcel they need to select

    Set pFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature
Loop

Call SortTable.SortListBox(frmFindAddress.lstAddress, 0) 'call the function to sort the
listbox
frmFindAddress.Show 'show the form and list box after being sorted

Exit Sub
eh:
    MsgBox "Find Parcel Error- " & Err.Description
The code in Listing sorts Put the following in a module

Option Explicit
'pWorkFeatureLayer pass the parcel layer from ThisDocument to forms
Public pWorkFeatureLayer As IFeatureLayer

The following SortTable function is from Mr. Brad Posthumus (http://forums.esri.com/Thread.asp?c=93&f=993&t=138741#402818) and Mr.
Kirk Kuykendall (http://forums.esri.com/Thread.asp?c=93&f=992&t=56843&mc=2#msgid142518) at ESRI Forum.
Special thanks to them.

Public Sub SortListBox(lstListBox As ListBox, nSortColumn As Integer)

' sort the listbox
Dim i As Long, j As Long, nColumn As Long, v As Variant

For i = 0 To UBound(lstListBox.List) - 1
    For j = i + 1 To UBound(lstListBox.List)
        If lstListBox.List(i, nSortColumn) > lstListBox.List(j, nSortColumn) Then
            For nColumn = 0 To lstListBox.ColumnCount - 1
                v = lstListBox.List(i, nColumn)
                lstListBox.List(i, nColumn) = lstListBox.List(j, nColumn)
                lstListBox.List(j, nColumn) = v
            Next nColumn
        End If
    Next j
Next i

End Sub
```

Listing 5

Programming ArcObjects

Training for various levels, formats, and applications is available. Visit www.esri.com/training for additional information.

Virtual Campus Self-Study Courses

Getting Started with ArcObjects in ArcGIS
Migrating to VB .NET
Introduction to ArcGIS for Developers
Learning Visual Basic for Applications for New ArcGIS Developers
Understanding Branching and Looping in VBA

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Working with ArcGIS Schematics
ArcGIS Enterprise Systems: Performance and Scalability
Developing Applications with ArcGIS Server Using the Microsoft .NET Framework
Developing Applications with ArcGIS Server Using the Java Platform
Implementing Tracking Server

```
Private Sub lstAddress_Click()
    On Error GoTo eh

    Dim pMxDoc As IMxDocument
    Dim pMap As IMap
    Dim pActiveView As IActiveView
    Dim pFeatureLayer As IFeatureLayer
    Dim pFeatureSelection As IFeatureSelection
    Dim pQueryFilter As IQueryFilter

    Set pMxDoc = ThisDocument

    Set pMap = pMxDoc.FocusMap
    pMap.ClearSelection
    Set pActiveView = pMap

    Set pFeatureSelection = pWorkFeatureLayer `passed from the findAddress_click

    Dim pFeatureClass As IFeatureClass
    Set pFeatureClass = pWorkFeatureLayer.FeatureClass
    `MsgBox pFeatureClass.AliasName

    Set pQueryFilter = New QueryFilter

    Dim ListString As String
    ListString = frmFindAddress.lstAddress.Text

    pQueryFilter.WhereClause = "ADDRESS = \' & _
    Left(ListString, InStr(ListString, "/") - 1) & \'" `we just need the address part before "/", the
    owner name after "/" needs to be excluded

    pActiveView.PartialRefresh esriViewGeoSelection, Nothing, Nothing
    `Perform the selection
    pFeatureSelection.SelectFeatures pQueryFilter, esriSelectionResultNew, False
    `Flag the new selection

    Dim pFCursor As IFeatureCursor
    Set pFCursor = pFeatureClass.Search(pQueryFilter, True)

    Dim pFeature As IFeature
    Set pFeature = pFCursor.NextFeature
    Dim pEnvelope As IEnvelope
    Set pEnvelope = pFeature.Extent

    pEnvelope.Expand 2.5, 2.5, True
    pActiveView.Extent = pEnvelope
    pActiveView.Refresh

    Exit Sub
eh:
    MsgBox "Find Owner Error- " & Err.Description

End Sub
```

Listing 6